SHRI LAL BAHADUR SHASTRI NATIONAL SANSKRIT UNIVERSITY

(A central University established by an Act of Parliament)

RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT-2005

Section 4(1)(b)(i)

1.1.1: Name and Address of Organisation: Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri National Sanskrit University,
B-4, Qutub Institutional Area, New Delhi-110016

1.1.2: Head of the Organization: Vice-Chancellor

1.1.3: Vision, Mission and Key Objectives:

Mission of the University:

- To impart instruction in traditional Sanskrit lore with special attention to highly specialized branches. Apart from higher studies in Sanskrit literature, the University is also committed to high-level research in other language and literature of Asia which has a bearing on Sanskrit literature.
- Study of Classical Sanskrit and contemporary literature in Sanskrit.
- To enrich the knowledge of Sanskrit heritage.
- To interpret Shastras with special reference to the traditional interpretation of Veda-Vedanga and changes in contemporary thinking.
- To provide opportunities to scholars for higher studies in auxiliary components of Sanskrit viz. Jyotish and Vastu Shastra and also to identify some manuscripts to preserve for its critical analysis.

Vision of the University:

To preserve Shastric tradition and interpretation of the Shastras by establishing their relevance to the problems in the modern context.

Objectives of the University are: -

- To preserve Shastraic tradition.
- To undertake interpretation of the Shastras.
- To establish their relevance to the problems in the modern context.
- To provide means for intensive training in modern as well as Shastraic lore for teachers.
- To achieve excellence in these disciplines so that the University has a distinctive character of its own.
- In pursuance of the above objectives the University shall.
- Impart instruction in traditional Sanskrit lore with special attention to highly specialized branches.
- Provide means for the training of Sanskrit teachers and to conduct research in pedagogical aspects of Sanskrit education.
- Provide facilities for the study of such languages and literature of Asia as having a bearing on Sanskrit studies such as Pali, Iranian, Tibetan, Mongolian, Chinese, Japanese etc.,
- Prescribe syllabus for various courses with special emphasis on Indian culture and values and conduct examinations in Sanskrit and allied disciplines.
- Publish literature and develop print and non-print materials in and about Sanskrit including original texts, commentaries and translations.
- Arrange for publication of research findings, journals and aids to research such as indices, digests and bibliographical materials.
- Collect, preserve and publish manuscripts and to build up a Rashtriya Sanskrit Pustakalaya and Sangrahalaya and to provide means for training in Manuscriptology specifically in scripts used for Sanskrit manuscripts.
- Provide means for education in modern disciplines needed for meaningful interpretation of original Sanskrit texts including technical literature in Sanskrit.
- Promote interaction between modern and traditional scholars for mutual enrichment.
- Organise Shastra Parishads, seminars conferences and workshops.
- Recognise degrees, diplomas and certificates of other educational bodies, institutes as equivalent to those of the University.
- Establish faculties and constitute such boards and committees as may be necessary for the fulfillment of the objectives of the University.
- Institute and award fellowships, scholarships, prizes and medals in accordance with the rules and bye-laws adopted from time to time.
- Subscribe and become a member or participate in and cooperate with any other association, society or institution having wholly or partly similar objectives as those of the University and
- Undertake all such activities incidental, necessary or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the objectives of the University

THE PARTICULARS OF ITS ORGANIZATION, FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES

The Akhil Bharatiya Sanskrit Sahitya Sammelan established a Sanskrit Vidyapeetha at Delhi on the auspicious day of Vijaya Dashmi on the 8th October, 1962 and appointed Dr. Mandan Mishra as the Officer On-Special- Duty and the Director of the Vidyapeetha. In accordance with the decision of the Sammelan, a separate Society under the name of Akhil Bharatiya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha was established with the late Prime Ministry Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri as its Founder President. The inspiration and guidance of Late Shri Shastriji had been the impetus for the development of this Vidyapeetha. Shastriji in his capacity as the Prime Minister of India declared to develop this Vidyapeetha as an institution of international repute.

After the death of Shastriji, the Late Prime Minister Smt. Indira Gandhi accepted the President-ship of the Vidyapeetha and declared on the 2nd October, 1966 that the Vidyapeetha would henceforth be known as Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha. On 1st April, 1967, the Vidyapeetha was taken over by the Government of India and on the 21st December, 1970, it became a constituent of the Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan, a registered autonomous Society and was named as **Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha**.

Impressed by its performance and all round developments, the Government of India, in March, 1983 mooted a proposal to confer the status of **Deemed to be University** on this Vidyapeetha along with the Kendriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha, Tirupati. Finally, after the necessary inspection and other formalities, the Government of India on the recommendations of the University Grants Commission, granted the status of a Deemed to be **University to the Vidyapeetha** in November, 1987. In order to promote Sanskrit on National and international level our Vidyapeetha including two other Sanskrit universities was converted to a Central University by the Act of Parliament and got officially changed to "Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri National Sanskrit University" on 30April, 2020.

1.1.4: FUNCTIONS & DUTIES:

- (i) to administer, manage and maintain all the assets taken over from the Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan, New Delhi and to discharge the liabilities thereof, and to administer, manage and maintain the assets of the University created/ acquired from time to time and to discharge the liabilities thereof.
- (ii) to prescribe and conduct courses of studies in various branches of Sanskrit learning;
- (iii) to organize and undertake various educational programmes, extramural activities and extension services;
- (iv) to prescribe procedures for admission to various courses;

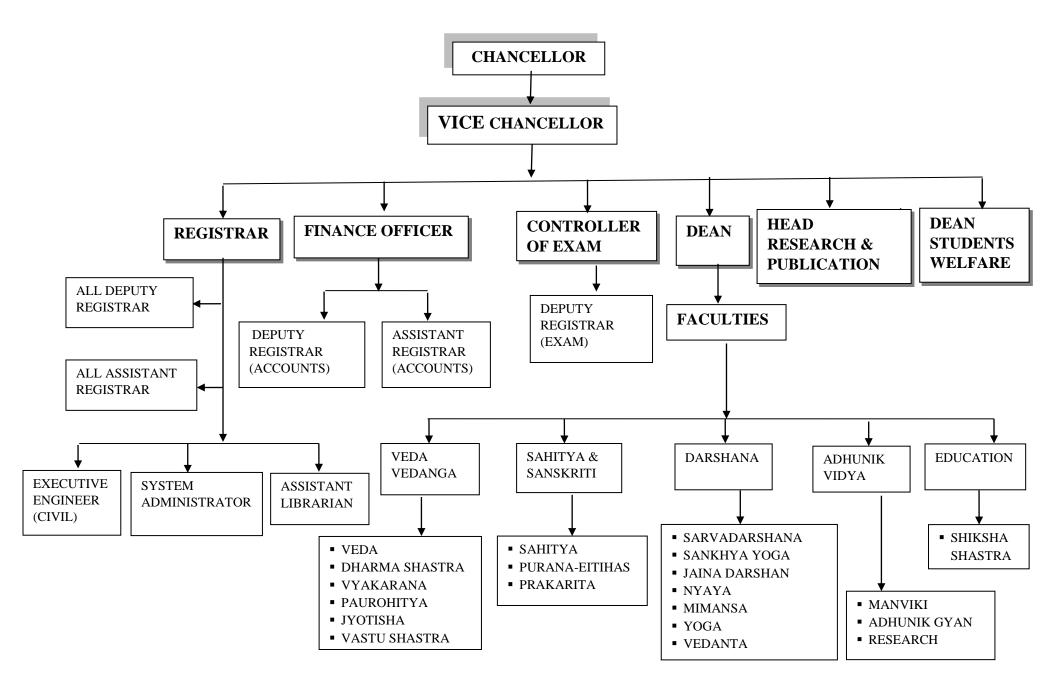
- (v) to prescribe procedures for and to hold examinations including Shastrartha and to declare results;
- (vi) to award degrees, diplomas, certificates, credits and other academic distinctions or titles including Honorius Causa Degree;
- (vii) to fix, demand and receive fees and other charges;
- (viii) to establish, hire, maintain, manage and recognize halls and hostels for the residence of students and scholars and to regulate discipline therein and make arrangements for the promotion of general welfare, cultural and educational life;
- (ix) to provide facilities for N.C.C., N.S.S., Sports and other similar activities for students.
- (x) to determine the number, qualifications, scales of pay, emoluments and terms and conditions of service of the academic, the technical, the administrative and other posts/employees of the Vidyapeetha as per UGC/GOI guidelines;
- (xi) to restructure any discipline, department and faculty of the University with the prior approval of the Academic Council and & Board of Management;
- (xii) to regulate expenditure and to manage accounts of the University;
- (xiii) to purchase, take on lease or accept as gift or otherwise any land or building or works which may be necessary and convenient for the purpose of the Vidyapeetha and on such terms and conditions as it may think fit and proper and to construct and to alter and maintain any such building or works;
- (xiv) to establish and maintain such classrooms, laboratories, workshops, libraries and reading rooms as may be considered necessary for the University;
- (xv) To sell, exchange, lease or otherwise dispose of any portion of movable or immovable property on such terms as it may think fit without prejudice to the interests and activities of the University.
- (xvi) to maintain as many accounts as per requirement with the approval of the Finance Committee in order to credit
 - a. all moneys provided by the University Grants Commission,
 - b. all moneys provided by the Government of India,
 - c. fees and other charges,
 - d. moneys received by way of grants, donation subject to compliance of government rules in existence,
 - e. moneys received in any other manner or from any other sources subject to compliance of government rules in existence;
- (xvii) to deposit moneys, credited to the account (s) in any nationalized bank or any other bank as per the direction of the GOI/UGC or to invest them in such manner as shall be prescribed in the rules.
- (xviii) the bank accounts shall be operated jointly by the Registrar and Finance Officer of the University. In case the Registrar or Finance Officer is absent, then the accounts shall be operated by such officers as nominated by the Vice-Chancellor for the purpose, within the monetary limits as decided by the competent authority;
- (xix) to make, amend or rescind rules with the prior approval of the UGC or any other body authorized by the GOI for the purpose;

- (xx) to frame bye-laws, as may from time to time be considered necessary for management of the University and regulate its affairs and to alter, modify and to rescind these bye-laws;
- (xxi) to provide for such benefaction, insurance, medical/health care scheme, provident fund, pension and gratuity etc. as may be deemed fit for the benefit of the academic, the technical and the administrative and other employees of the University in such manner and subject to such conditions in accordance with GOI/UGC guidelines as may be prescribed in the bye-laws;
- (xxii) to delegate any of its powers and functions as it may deem fit to any officer or any committee constituted by the Board of Management for any specific purpose;
- (xxiii) to conduct joint academic programme (s) with other Universities/institutions deemed to be universities in India and abroad with the prior approval of the Commission which shall be subject to mandatory assessment and accreditation; and
- (xxiv) The proposed joint programme(s) shall conform to the Acts and Rules of the Commission that shall apply to such programmes from time to time.
- (xxv) Provided that no such permission shall be required in case the Institution goes for collaboration with Industry or for research purposes.
- (xxvi) to undertake such activities as the University may consider necessary, conducive or incidental to the attainment and/or enlargement of its objectives, powers and functions or any one of them.

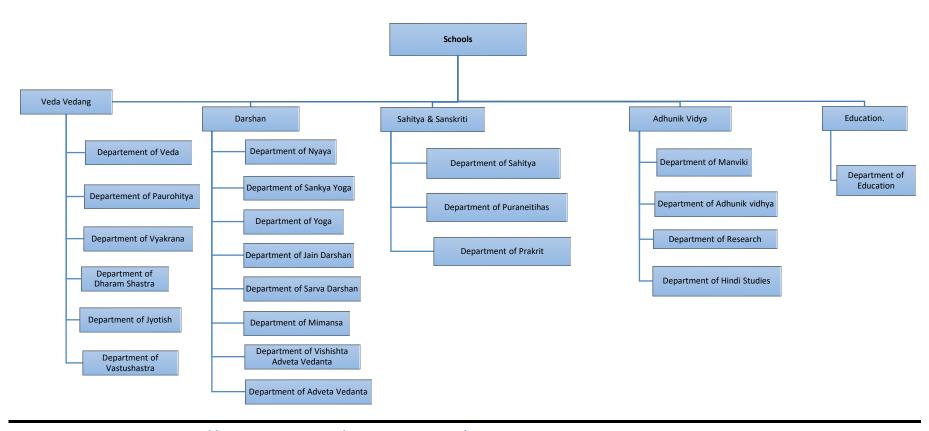
(xxvii)Recruitment Rules

<u>1.1.5:</u>

Organizational Chart



1.1.6 - Any other details-the genesis, inception, formation of the department and the HoDs from time to time as well as the committees/ Commissions constituted from time to time have been dealt.



List of Deans and HODs: https://www.slbsrsv.ac.in/university-corner/list-deans-hods

1. School of Veda Vedang:

- Department of Veda:- Year of Establishment -1971
- Department of Paurohitya: Year of Establishment -1964
- Department of Dharamshastra:- Year of Establishment -1964
- Department of Vyakarana:- Year of Establishment -1964
- Department of Jyotish :- Year of Establishment -1964
- Department of Vastushastra:- Year of Establishment -2004

2. Schools of Darshan

- Department of Nyaya :- Year of Establishment -1970
- Department of Sankhya Yoga:- Year of Establishment -1970
- Department of Yoga: Year of Establishment -2018
- Department of Jain Darshan: Year of Establishment -1970
- Department of Sarva Darshan :- Year of Establishment -1964
- Department of Mimansa: Year of Establishment -1998
- Department of Vashista Advaita Vedanata: Year of Establishment -1997
- Department of Adwaita Vedanta: Year of Establishment -1980

3. School of Sahitya and Sanskriti

- Department of Sahitya:- Year of Establishment -1962
- Department of Puranethihas:- Year of Establishment -1964
- Department of Prakrit:- Year of Establishment -1964

4. School of Adhuni Vidya

- Department of Manviki:- Year of Establishment -1999
- Department of Adhunik Vidya: Year of Establishment-2018
- Department of Research: Year of Establishment -1962
- Department of Hindu Studies: Year of Establishment -2021

5. School of Education

• Department of Shikshashastra: - Year of Establishment -1987

Boards:-

- Research Board
- Examination Board
- Editorial Board of Shodha-Prabha
- Proctorial Board

Committees

- 1. Departmental Research Review/Advisory Committee
- 2. Academic Calendar Committee
- 3. Building Committee
- 4. Admission Committee
- 6. Policy & Planning Committee
- 7. Hostel Committee
- 8. Campus Development Committee
- 9. Scholarship Committee
- 10. Research & Publication Advisory Committee
- 11. Library Committee
- 12. Prospectus Committee
- 13. Hindi Raj Bhasha Committee
- 14. Roster Committee
- 15. Complaint Committee
- 16. Disciplinary Committee
- 17. Research Degree Committee
- 18. IQAC Committee
- 19. Equal Opportunity Cell Committee
- 20. Career Counselling Cell Committee

Notification and order of Committees: https://www.slbsrsv.ac.in/sites/default/files/uploadfiles/OrderofCommittees.pdf

Brief history of the public authority and context of its formation.

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After the death of Shastriji, the Late Prime Minister Smt. Indira Gandhi accepted the Presidentship of the Vidyapeetha and declared on the 2nd October 1966 that the Vidyapeetha would henceforth be known as Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha. On 1st April, 1967, the Vidyapeetha was taken over by the Government of India and on the 21st December 1970, it became a constituent of the Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan, a registered autonomous Society and was named as Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Kendriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha.

Impressed by its performance and the all-round developments, the Government of India, in March 1983 mooted a proposal to confer the status of Deemed to be University on this Vidyapeetha along with the Kendriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha, Tirupati. Finally, after the necessary inspection and other formalities, the Government of India on the recommendations of the University Grants Commission, granted the status of a Deemed to be University to the Vidyapeetha in November 1987.

Prior to this, on the recommendation of the University Grants Commission, a Society, independent of the Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan was registered under the Chairmanship of the former Human & Resource Minister, Hon'ble Shri P.V. Narasimha Rao in the name of Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha on the 20th January 1987. In 1989 Dr.Mandan Mishra was appointed as the first Vice-Chancellor of the Vidyapeetha.

After the formal transfer of the movable and immovable properties followed by the transfer of the teaching and non-teaching staff, the Vidyapeetha became fully functional with effect from the 1st November 1991 as a Deemed to be University.

Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeetha (Deemed to be University) has been established as Central University and start functioning as Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri National Sanskrit University, New Delhi-16 w.e.f from 30th April, 2020 under the Central Sanskrit Universities Act,2020 (no.5 of 2020 dated: 25th March,2020) as enacted by the Parliament and assented to by the President of India and duly published in the Gazette of India by the Ministry of Law & Justice, Govt. of India, Legislative department followed by the Gazette Notification F.No. 4-4/2018-Skt-II dated: 17.04.2020 of the Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Higher Education (Language Division, New Delhi)

List of services being provided by the public authority with a brief write-up on them.

Quality teaching -

The University has been established to disseminate and advance knowledge by providing instructional, research, and extension facilities to the promotion of the Sanskrit language and such other branches of learning as it may deem fit; to make special provisions for integrated courses in humanities, social sciences, and science in its educational programmes; to make appropriate measures for promoting innovations in the teaching learning process, interdisciplinary studies, and research; and to educate and train manpower for the overall development, promotion, preservation, and research in the field of Sanskrit and Sanskrit traditional subjects.

Research-

The University has a separate department for Research. Ever since the inception of the University, research was the strong points of the university. This department has an overall charge of all the research scholars from various departments. It also help to conduct the entrance tests for their admission and monitors the progress of the research students from time to time. The department arranges lectures and organizes workshops on Research Methodology and manuscriptalogy for Ph.D. students and M.Phil. Students are also taught by the department.

The department has been established to perform a very important function of planning, monitoring and enriching the research input of various departments of the University. Accordingly its activities are broadly centered on compiling, publishing and disseminating scholarly contribution and original books which have potential for adding to the fresh interpretation of knowledge relating to the oriental and modern cinematically promote the publication of the research findings in various disciplines, propagating knowledge already available through on-going researches.

The department established in 1962, during its span of more than Six decades has published a large number of titles which have been well received by the scholars. The Department has the full responsibility of bringing out the University's research journal, Shodh Prabha and news bulletin Vidyapeeth Varta. The journal contains learned research articles information about ancient unpublished manuscripts, book-reviews of new publication and special lectures delivered. This is very regularly brought out for the past 35 years as a quarterly. The Manuscript library is also under the care of Research department. Efforts are taken to preserve these are pieces, with the help of Ministry of Culture. Research students and teachers of University were also taught the art of preserving the manuscripts.